Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine Dnipro University of Technology

MINING FACULTY DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORT SYSTEMS AND TECHNOLOGIES

"APPROVED"
Head of Department

	Shirin L.N. <u>flllugu</u> "" 2018		
WORK PROGRAM OF THE A			
Field of study Specialty Academic degree Academic program Language of study	185 Oil and Gas Engineering and Technology Bachelor Oil and Gas Engineering and Technolo		
Prolonged: for 20 / 20 academic ye (Signate for 20 / 20 academic yes (Sign			

Dnipro NTU "DP" 2018 Work program of the academic discipline "Transport systems and technologies" for bachelor's specialty 185 "Oil and Gas Engineering and Technology" / E.A. Korovyaka, O.V. Denyschenko. V.A. Rastsvyetayev / NTU "Dnipro Polytechnic" Department of Foreign Language. - DA: NTU «DP» 2018 - 13 p.

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The work program regulates:

- key goals and objectives;
- the disciplinary learning outcomes generated through the transformation of the intended learning outcomes of the degree program;
- the content of the discipline formed according to the criterion "disciplinary learning outcomes";
 - the discipline program (thematic plan by different types of classes);
 - distribution of the discipline workload by different types of classes;
- an algorithm for assessing the level of achievement of disciplinary learning outcomes (scales, tools, procedures and evaluation criteria);
- criteria and procedures for evaluating the academic achievements of applicants by discipline;
 - the contents of the educational and methodological support of the discipline;

The work program is designed to implement a competency approach in planning an education process, delivery of the academic discipline, preparing students for control activities, controlling the implementation of educational activities, internal and external quality assurance in higher education, accreditation of degree programs within the specialty.

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1 DISCIPLINE OBJECTIVES

In the educational and professional programs of the Dnipro University of Technology specialty 185 "Oil and gas engineering and technology", the distribution of program learning outcomes (NRN) for the organizational forms of the educational process is done. In particular, the following learning outcomes are attributed to the discipline F20 "Transport Systems and Technologies":

SR2	Explain the general structure, relationships and functionality of individual
	elements of the system of Ukraine hydrocarbons
SR3	Use basic concepts, the basic laws of physics and chemistry for forecasting
	and analysis of physical and chemical properties of oil, condensate and
	natural gas in their production, drilling, transportation and storage
SR9	Create items flowsheets and technical equipment of production, transportation
	and storage of oil and gas

The objective of discipline - formation of learning outcomes on transport systems and technologies industry.

The implementation of the objective requires transforming program learning outcomes into the disciplinary ones as well as an adequate selection of the contents of the discipline according to this criterion.

2 INTENDED DISCIPLINARY LEARNING OUTCOMES

Code	Disciplinary learning outcomes (DRN)			
NRN	DRN code	content		
SR2	SR2-F20-1	To characterize the main types of transport and their performance		
	SR2-F20-2	Determine the scope of vehicles		
SR3	SR3-F20-1	To characterize the physical and chemical properties of oil, condensate and natural gas in their production, drilling, transportation and storage		
	SR3-F20-2	Determine the volume of cargo oil and gas companies		
	SR3-F20-3	To determine the capacity of stationary and self-propelled means of transportation		
SR9	SR9-F20-1	Evaluate performance vehicles to ensure certain traffic volumes in different conditions of oil and gas production		
	SR9-F20-2	Calculate the thrust moving		
	SR9-F20-3	Expect engine power		
	SR9-F20-4	Evaluate traction capacity self-propelled machines		
	SR9-F20-5	Assess the ability of traction drive units stationary		
	SR9-F20-6	Own calculation methods of operating vehicles		

3 BASIC DISCIPLINES

Subjects	The acquired learning outcomes	
B2 Chemistry	know the properties of hydrocarbons and their composition	
Mathematics B1	apply mathematical methods to determine the specific values	
B3 Physics	of process parameters gas wells, preparation of oil and gas	
	industry and main gas, hazonaftoshovysch other system	
	elements hazonaftopostachannya	

Subjects The acquired learning outcomes				
B2 Chemistry	know the properties of hydrocarbons and their composition			
Mathematics B1	apply mathematical methods to determine the specific values			
B3 Physics	of process parameters gas wells, preparation of oil and gas			
	industry and main gas, hazonaftoshovysch other system			
	elements hazonaftopostachannya			
Introduction to F1	maintain and increase moral, cultural, scientific achievements			
	and values of society by understanding the history and			
	patterns of developmentoil and GasIts place in the overall			
	system knowledge about nature and society and the			
	development of society, technology and technology			
	communicate with other professional groups at different			
	levels (with experts from other disciplines / economic			
	activities)			
	know the overall structure, relationships and functionality of			
	individual elements of the system of Ukraine hydrocarbons			
F2 Fundamentals of Oil and Gas	know the history and prospects of oil and gas sector of			
business	Ukraine and the world			
	understanding of the problems of oil and gas exploration,			
	development patterns oil and GasIts place in society			
	development, engineering and technology			
	describe the main elements of naftohazopostochannya			
	know the basics of creating elements of technological			
	schemes and technical equipment of production,			
	transportation and storage of oil and gas			
	be aware of drilling oil and gas wells			
	be aware of extraction technology, methods of transmission			
	and means of storage of carbohydrate energy			
	know the basics of normative and technical support for the			
	creation, operation and recovery systems and technologies for			
	energy production of hydrocarbons			

4 WORKLOAD DISTRIBUTION BY THE FORM OF EDUCATIONAL PROCESS ORGANIZATION AND TYPES OF CLASSES

	ad	Distribution by forms of education, hours					
Type of	zlo: ırs	Full-time		Part-time		Distance	
classes	Worklo hours	Classes (C)	Individual work (IW)	Classes (C)	Individual work (IW)	Classes (C)	Individual work (IW)
lecture	80	26	54	14	66	6	74
practical	40	13	27	6	34	4	36
laboratory	-	-	-	-	-	1	ı
workshops	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOGETHER	120	39	81	20	100	10	110

5 DISCIPLINE PROGRAM BY TYPES OF CLASSES

Ciphers DRN	Types and topics of training sessions	The volume of components, hours
	LECTURES	80

Ciphers DRN	Types and topics of training sessions	The volume of components, hours	
SR3 SR3-	1 cargo traffic and vehicles	8	
F20-1, F20-2	Cargo industry		
SR2-SR2-	Nomenclature means moving loads		
F20-1 F20-2	Structural and functional structure, principles of structure and		
	means of moving loads		
	The functional, economic and anthropological evaluation criteria		
	Areas of vehicles		
SR3 SR3-	2 The capacity of stationary and self-propelled means of	8	
F20-2, F20-3	transportation, choice of transport on productivity		
	Lines of performance	=	
	Load units (cars) Batch		
	Theoretical, technical (passport) continuous performance settings		
	Technical performance self-propelled machines	1	
	Operational performance and its reserves	_	
SR9 SR9-	3 thrust moving	8	
F20-1, F20-2	The thrust for moving concentrated load	-	
120-1, 120-2	The thrust for moving concentrated load The thrust for moving distributed load	-	
SR9-F20-2	4 Engine power	8	
SK9-F20-2	Traction drive elements	- o	
		=	
	loading chart	_	
	Engine power mode for longer constant load,		
	for long-term treatment with variable load	_	
CD0 F20 5	The internal combustion engine	0	
SR9-F20-5	5Pulling the ability to drive stationary units	8	
	Pulling capacity drums wound flexible traction element	4	
an a raa 4	Pulling capacity drums and pulleys friction		
SR9-F20-4	6 Pulling capacity self-propelled machines	8	
	Thrust one drive axle	_	
	Thrust cars	_	
	The coefficient of adhesion		
	Implementation braking force		
	Traction self-propelled machines		
	The equation of the train and its solution		
SR2-SR2-	7General information about road transport	8	
F20-1 F20-2	Classification of road transport		
SR9-F20-6	Key indicators of road transport		
SR2-SR2-	8General of Shipping	8	
F20-1 F20-2	Classification of water transport		
SR9-F20-6	Key indicators of water transport		
SR2-SR2-	9General information about rail	8	
F20-1 F20-2	Classification of rail transport		
SR9-F20-6	Key indicators of means of rail transport		
SR2-SR2-	10General information about pipelines	8	
F20-1 F20-2			
SR9-F20-6	SR9-F20-6 Methods for laying pipelines		
	The gas transportation system (GTS) of Ukraine	7	
	Characteristics, present and future modernization and	7	

Ciphers DRN	Types and topics of training sessions	The volume of components, hours
	reconstruction GTS	
	PRACTICAL TRAINING	40
SR3-F20-2	1Decision of situational learning problems similar to those	40
SR3-F20-3	found in the specialist can its activities	
SR9-F20-2		
SR9-F20-3		
SR9-F20-4		
SR9-F20-5		
SR9-F20-6		
	TOTAL	120

6 KNOWLEDGE PROGRESS TESTING

Certification of student achievement is accomplished through transparent procedures based on objective criteria in accordance with the University Regulations "On Evaluation of Higher Education Applicants' Learning Outcomes".

The level of competencies achieved in relation to the expectations, identified during the control activities, reflects the real result of the student's study of the discipline.

6.1 GRADING SCALES

Assessment of academic achievement of students of the Dnipro University of Technology is carried out based on a rating (100-point) and institutional grading scales. The latter is necessary (in the official absence of a national scale) to convert (transfer) grades for mobile students.

The scales of assessment of learning outcomes of the NTUDP students

Rating	Institutional	
90 100	Excellent	
74 89	Good	
60 73	Satisfactory	
0 59	Failed	

Discipline credits are scored if the student has a final grade of at least 60 points. A lower grade is considered to be an academic debt that is subject to liquidation in accordance with the Regulations on the Organization of the Educational Process of NTUDP.

6.2 DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS AND EVALUATION PROCEDURES

The content of diagnostic tools is aimed at controlling the level of knowledge, skills, communication, autonomy, and responsibility of the student according to the requirements of the National Qualifications Framework (NQF) up to the 7th

qualification level during the demonstration of the learning outcomes regulated by the work program.

During the control activities, the student should perform tasks focused solely on the demonstration of disciplinary learning outcomes (Section 2).

Diagnostic tools provided to students at the control activities in the form of tasks for the intermediate and final knowledge progress testing are formed by specifying the initial data and a way of demonstrating disciplinary learning outcomes.

Diagnostic tools (control tasks) for the intermediate and final knowledge progress testing are approved by the appropriate department.

Type of diagnostic tools and procedures for evaluating the intermediate and final knowledge progress testing are given below.

INTERMEDIATE CONTROL			FINAL ASSESSMENT		
training sessions	diagnostic tools	procedures	diagnostic tools	procedures	
lectures	control tasks for each topic	task during lectures	1	determining the average results of intermediate	
practical	control tasks for each topic	tasks during practical classes	(CCW)	controls;	
	or individual task	tasks during independent work		CCW performance during the examination at the request of the student	

Diagnostic and assessment procedures

During the intermediate control, the lectures are evaluated by determining the quality of the performance of the control specific tasks. Practical classes are assessed by the quality of the control or individual task.

If the content of a particular type of teaching activity is subordinated to several descriptors, then the integral value of the assessment may be determined by the weighting coefficients set by the lecturer.

Provided that the level of results of the intermediate controls of all types of training at least 60 points, the final control can be carried out without the student's immediate participation by determining the weighted average value of the obtained grades.

Regardless of the results of the intermediate control, every student during the final knowledge progress testing has the right to perform the CDF, which contains tasks covering key disciplinary learning outcomes.

The number of specific tasks of the CDF should be consistent with the allotted time for completion. The number of CDF options should ensure that the task is individualized.

The value of the mark for the implementation of the CDF is determined by the average evaluation of the components (specific tasks) and is final.

The integral value of the CDF performance assessment can be determined by taking into account the weighting factors established by the department for each NLC descriptor.

6.3 EVALUATION CRITERIA

The actual student learning outcomes are identified and measured against what is expected during the control activities using criteria that describe the student's actions to demonstrate the achievement of the learning outcomes.

To evaluate the performance of the control tasks during the intermediate control of lectures and practicals the assimilation factor is used as a criterion, which automatically adapts the indicator to the rating scale:

$$O_i = 100 \text{ a} / \text{m}$$

where a - number of correct answers or significant operations performed according to the solution standard; m - the total number of questions or substantial operations of the standard.

Individual tasks and complex control works are expertly evaluated using criteria that characterize the ratio of competency requirements and evaluation indicators to a rating scale.

The content of the criteria is based on the competencies identified by the NLC for the Bachelor's level of higher education (given below).

General criteria for achieving learning outcomes 7th qualification for LDCs (BA)

Integral competence is the ability to solve complex problems and specialized practical problems in a particular area of professional activities or in a learning process that involves the use of certain theories and methods of the relevant scientific areas and characterized by complexity and conditions uncertainty.

descriptors NLC	Requirements for knowledge, communication, autonomy and responsibility	Indicator evaluation		
Knowledge				
• Conceptual knowledge acquired during the training and professional activities, including some	- A great - proper, reasonable, sensible. Measures the presence of: - conceptual knowledge; - a high degree of state ownership issues; - critical understanding of the main theories, principles, methods and concepts in education and careers	95-100		
knowledge of modern	A non-gross contains mistakes or errors	90-94		
achievements;	The answer is correct but has some inaccuracies	85-89		
critical	A correct some inaccuracies but has also proved insufficient	80-84		
understanding of the main theories,	The answer is correct but has some inaccuracies, not reasonable and meaningful	74-79		
principles, methods,	A fragmentary	70-73		
and concepts in	A student shows a fuzzy idea of the object of study	65-69		
education and careers	Knowledge minimally satisfactory	60-64		
	Knowledge unsatisfactory	<60		
Ability				

descriptors NLC	Requirements for knowledge, communication, autonomy and responsibility	Indicator evaluation
 solving complex 	- The answer describes the ability to:	95-100
problems and unforeseen problems in specialized areas of professional and/or training, which involves the collection	- identify the problem;	
	- formulate hypotheses;	
	- solve problems;	
	- choose adequate methods and tools;	
	- collect and interpret logical and understandable	
	information;	
and interpretation of	- use innovative approaches to solving the problem	
information (data),	The answer describes the ability to apply knowledge in	90-94
choice of methods and	practice with no blunders	, , , ,
tools, the use of	The answer describes the ability to apply knowledge in	85-89
innovative approaches	practice but has some errors in the implementation of a	03-07
inito varive approaches	requirement	
	1	80-84
	The answer describes the ability to apply knowledge in	00-04
	practice but has some errors in the implementation of the	
	two requirements	7.4.70
	The answer describes the ability to apply knowledge in	74-79
	practice but has some errors in the implementation of the	
	three requirements	
	The answer describes the ability to apply knowledge in	70-73
	practice but has some errors in the implementation of the	
	four requirements	
	The answer describes the ability to apply knowledge in	65-69
	practice while performing tasks on the model	
	A characterizes the ability to apply knowledge in	60-64
	performing tasks on the model, but with uncertainties	
	The level of skills is poor	<60
	Communication	
• report to specialists	- Fluent problematic area. Clarity response (report).	95-100
and non-specialists of	Language - correct;	
information, ideas,	net;	
problems, solutions and	clear;	
their experience in the		
field of professional	accurate;	
activity;	logic;	
• the ability to form an	expressive;	
effective	concise.	
	Communication strategy:	
communication	coherent and consistent development of thought;	
strategy	availability of own logical reasoning;	
	relevant arguments and its compliance with the provisions	
	defended;	
	the correct structure of the response (report);	
	correct answers to questions;	
	appropriate equipment to answer questions;	
	the ability to draw conclusions and formulate proposals	
	Adequate ownership industry issues with minor faults.	90-94
	Sufficient clarity response (report) with minor faults.	70-74
	Appropriate communication strategy with minor faults	
	11 1	05.00
	Good knowledge of the problems of the industry. Good	85-89

descriptors NLC	Requirements for knowledge, communication, autonomy and responsibility	Indicator evaluation
	clarity response (report) and relevant communication	
	strategy (total three requirements are not implemented)	
	Good knowledge of the problems of the industry. Good	80-84
	clarity response (report) and relevant communication	
	strategy (a total of four requirements is not implemented)	
	Good knowledge of the problems of the industry. Good	74-79
	clarity response (report) and relevant communication	
	strategy (total not implemented the five requirements)	
	Satisfactory ownership issues of the industry. Satisfactory	70-73
	clarity response (report) and relevant communication	
	strategy (a total of seven requirements not implemented)	
	Partial ownership issues of the industry. Satisfactory clarity	65-69
	response (report) and communication strategy of faults	
	(total not implemented nine requirements)	
	The fragmented ownership issues of the industry.	60-64
	Satisfactory clarity response (report) and communication	
	strategy of faults (total not implemented 10 requirements)	
	The level of poor communication	<60
	Autonomy and responsibility	\00
• management actions	- Excellent individual ownership management	95-100
or complex projects,	competencies focused on:)3-100
responsible for	1	
decision-making in	1) management of complex projects, providing:	
unpredictable	- exploratory learning activities marked the ability to	
conditions;	independently evaluate various life situations, events, facts,	
· ·	detect and defend a personal position;	
• responsible for the professional	- the ability to work in a team;	
-	- control of their own actions;	
development of	2) responsibility for decision-making in unpredictable	
individuals and/or	conditions, including:	
groups	- justify their decisions the provisions of the regulatory	
• the ability to continue	framework of sectoral and national levels;	
study with a high	- independence while performing tasks;	
degree of autonomy	- lead in discussing problems;	
	- responsibility for the relationship;	
	3) responsible for the professional development of	
	individuals and/or groups that includes:	
	- use of vocational-oriented skills;	
	- the use of evidence from independent and correct	
	reasoning;	
	- possession of all kinds of learning activities;	
	4) the ability to further study with a high degree of	
	autonomy, which provides:	
	- degree possession of fundamental knowledge;	
	- independent evaluation judgments;	
	- high level of formation of general educational skills;	
	- search and analysis of information resources	
	Confident personality possession competency management	90-94
	(not implemented two requirements)	
	Good knowledge management competencies personality	85-89
	(not implemented three requirements)	

descriptors NLC	Requirements for knowledge, communication, autonomy and responsibility	Indicator evaluation
	Good knowledge management competencies personality	80-84
	(not implemented the four requirements)	
	Good knowledge management competencies personality	74-79
	(not implemented six requirements)	
	Satisfactory ownership of individual competence	70-73
	management (not implemented seven requirements)	
	Satisfactory ownership of individual competence	65-69
	management (not implemented eight claims)	
	The level of autonomy and responsibility fragmented	60-64
	The level of autonomy and responsibility poor	<60

7 TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, AND SOFTWARE

Technical training tools via multimedia software. Distance learning platform Moodle.

8 RECOMMENDED SOURCES

- 1.Transportation in mines: textbook for high schools. 3rd ed. / Common. editing additions and changes prof. MJ Bilichenko Dnipropetrovsk National Mining University, 2005. 636 p.
- 2. JS Kotskulych Drilling oil and gas wells / JS Kotskulych, JM Baboon. Coloma Age, 1999. 504 p.
- 3. Salov. VA Fundamentals performance calculations transport mining enterprises: Textbook. Dnipropetrovsk National hirnychyyuniversytet, 2005. 199 p.
- 4.Doodle NA Burovыe Machines and Mechanisms / NA Doodle. Kiev, Donetsk: High School, 1985. 176 p.
- 5.Basic theory and calculations means of transportation mines: Training. Ref.-2nd ed. / M.Ya.Bilichenko, O.V.Denyschenko. -D .: NSU, 2008. 103 p.
- 6.VK Kasperovich Pipeline gas: Textbook / VK Kasperovich. Ivano-Frankivsk: IFNTUOG, 1999. 198 p.

Support:

- 1. Problems in the discipline "Basics of transport theory": Training. manual / MJ Bilichenko, EA Korovyaka, PA Diachkov, VA Rastsvyetayev. Dnipropetrovsk National Mining University, 2007. 151 p.
- 2. Reference case oil / Common. Ed. BC Boyko RM Kondrat, RS Yaremiychuka. Kyiv, Lviv, 1996. 620 p.

Educational edition

WORK PROGRAM OF THE ACADEMIC DISCIPLINE

"Transport systems and technologies" 185 "Oil and gas engineering and technology"

Prepared for publication
Dnipro University of Technology.
Certificate of registration in the State Register, control number 1842
49005, Dnipro, Dmytro Yavornytskoho Ave. 19